

Pascal's Triangle

Pascal's triangle is used in the binomial theorem for the expansion of $(a + b)^n$. (The n should match the second number in the row for you to have the correct row.)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 & & & & & 1 & & & \\
 & & & & 1 & 1 & & & \\
 & & & 1 & 2 & 1 & & & \\
 & & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & & & \\
 & 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1 & & & \\
 1 & 5 & 10 & 10 & 5 & 1 & & & \\
 1 & 6 & 15 & 20 & 15 & 6 & 1 & & \\
 1 & 7 & 21 & 35 & 35 & 21 & 7 & 1 & \\
 1 & 8 & 28 & 56 & 70 & 56 & 28 & 8 & 1 \\
 1 & 9 & 36 & 64 & 126 & 126 & 64 & 36 & 9 & 1 \\
 1 & 10 & 45 & 100 & 190 & 256 & 190 & 100 & 45 & 10 & 1
 \end{array}$$